

**Questions 1-5
SS7CG1a.**

1. What is an autocracy?
2. What is a democracy?
3. What is a republic?
4. How do citizens participate in an autocratic government?
5. How do citizens participate in democratic government?
6. What power do citizens have in an autocratic government?
7. What is the difference between an autocracy and a democracy?

Answer the following questions in complete sentences.

**Questions 6-7
SSCG1b.**

1. What is a parliamentary democracy?
2. What is a presidential democracy?
3. How do the citizens of Kenya choose their leader?
4. How do the citizens of Nigeria choose their leader?
5. How do the citizens of South Africa choose their leader?
6. What type of governments do Kenya, South Africa, and Nigeria have?
7. Even though South Africa has a president, it is not a presidential democracy. Explain why.
8. How do Kenya's and Nigeria's governments differ from South Africa's government?

**Questions 8-11
SSCG1c.**

1. What is government instability?
2. What are two conditions that led to unstable governments in Africa after independence?
3. How do unstable governments make it more difficult for children to attend school?
4. Why does access to education in Kenya and Sudan differ?
5. Why is there an education gap between boys and girls in many parts of Africa?
6. How do unstable governments make fighting diseases like HIV/AIDS, difficult?
7. What is famine and how is it caused?

Use pages 214-219 in the book.