

Seventh Grade Social Studies 2020
SE Asia Geography- Environmental Issues and Factors Quiz

SS7G10 a.

1. Water pollution on the Ganges is caused by _____.
A. volcanic eruptions in the Himalaya C. loess that blows across the Thar Desert
B. monsoon rains D. sewage, factory waste, and increased runoff from fertilizers
2. "Reservoirs (water storage spaces) are becoming sewers, filled with trash and smelly water. Local officials refuse to shut down polluting factories, fearful that unemployment will rise. Edicts (commands) from Beijing on controlling industrial waste go unheeded."

The issues mentioned in the passage are primarily related to which problem?

- A. Pollution in the Yangtze River C. Overpopulation in China
B. Air pollution in Beijing D. Deforestation in Hong Kong

SS7G10 b.

3. When Beijing, China was awarded the 2008 Olympics, what environmental issues was a big concern for many of the athletes?
A. the city's terrible air pollution
B. heavy seasonal rains that come to China in the summer
C. temperatures would be too hot in the summer in China
D. lack of fresh drinking water was the main concern before the games

4.

In a report issued by the European Satellite Agency in September [2005], Beijing and its environs [surrounding area] in northeast China were named as having the world's highest levels of nitrogen dioxide—a key smog gas originating from power plants, heavy industry and vehicle emissions.

—Inter Press Service, February 2006

The excerpt supports the conclusion that increased industrialization in China has

- A.** reduced military readiness.
B. improved national health care.
C. damaged regional air quality.
D. increased democratic reform.
5. Why are India's urban areas having a problem with air pollution?
A. Few people in India feel that air pollution is a problem.
B. There are no government efforts to control air pollution.
C. There is no effective way to control air pollution in the world today.
D. The rapidly growing population, industry, and many of automobiles have caused the problem.

SS7G10 c.

6. During monsoon season in India, people have to watch out for increased mosquitoes and disease, and their buses and taxis may not be able to drive on their usual roads. What most likely is the cause for these changes?
- A. Population growth
 - B. Hindu festivals
 - C. Increased flooding
 - D. Increased building construction
7. Indonesia and Vietnam both rank in the top 10 in the world in terms of miles of navigable waterways. Why is this important for the citizens of those countries?
- A. The waterways provide jobs and important methods of transportation.
 - B. They are actually not important because they are outdated and not used much anymore.
 - C. Since there are no airports in either country, the waterways are the primary source of transportation.
 - D. They are very important to the culture and recreation of the countries, but they do not serve an economic purpose.
8. How have the mountain ranges in northern India affected the country's development?
- A. A life in the mountains is so hard that no one lives there.
 - B. The mountain ranges have prevented India from having any major cities.
 - C. The mountain ranges had prevented trade and spreading of culture and ideas for centuries.
 - D. Northern India has no large rivers because of the mountains.
- 9.
- How do the Japanese feed their people with so little good farmland?
- A. Many of the Japanese people starve every year.
 - B. The Japanese depend on fishing and imported food.
 - C. Tourists bring their own food when they visit from other countries.
 - D. The Japanese sell oil to earn money to buy food from other countries.
10. The **most likely** reason why people settle near rivers is to:
- A. encourage the development of religion.
 - B. encourage the development of schools.
 - C. grow crops and transport them to market.
 - D. isolate themselves from nearby enemies.